

# PROGRAM FOR RESULTS OBJECTIVE

## ⦿ **Promotion of development effectiveness by**

- **Providing support for implementation of programs or sub-programs**
- **Focusing on results**
- **Emphasizing capacity development for local institutions needed to achieve and sustain program results**
- **Fostering partnership among key stakeholders**



## P4R - KEY FEATURES

- ◉ Disbursements linked to achievements of specific results, and not transaction-based (Disbursement Linked Indicators – DLI)
- ◉ Availability of proper results framework as basis for program monitoring and evaluation is paramount
- ◉ Program's scope is context specific, taking into account sector priorities, institutional capacities needed for program delivery
- ◉ Program scope to be determined following extensive assessment with government as part of program preparation

## DISBURSEMENT LINKED INDICATORS USED UNDER THE NEW ETHIOPIA P4R IN THE HEALTH SECTOR (\$MN)

1.	Deliveries attended by skilled birth providers (%)	20.0
2.	Children 12-23 months immunized with Pentavalent 3 vaccine (%)	19.0
3.	Pregnant women receiving at least one antenatal care visit (%)	14.3
4.	Contraceptive Prevalence Rate (%)	20.5
5.	Health Centers reporting HMIS data in time (Average number for 4 quarters)	5.0
6.	Development and implementation of Balanced Score Card approach to assess facility performance and related institutional incentives	20.2
7.	Development and implementation of Annual Rapid Facility Assessment to assess readiness to provide quality MNCH services	14.0
8.	Improved transparency of the Pharmaceutical Fund and Supply Agency (PFSA)	7.0
	TOTAL	120.0

## PREREQUISITES FOR PROPER IMPLEMENTATION AND SUCCESS OF THE P4R

- **High Commitment by both government and donors to a results-based engagement in the sector :**
  - **Setting realistic program results based on the country's priorities in the sector e.g. as set forth in the NSDP**
  - **Striking right balance between outcomes and processes**
- **Agreement on Program Scope:**
  - **Limiting / sequencing the activities included in the program. For Cambodia, NSDP would offer guidance.**
- **Strong mutual trust among parties – government/donors**
- **Proper communication and dialogue among partners on program scope and content throughout preparation and implementation**

## WHAT DIFFERENCE A P4R MAKES TO THE GOVERNMENT - DONORS DIALOGUE?

- Changes the conversation: dialogue starts with what results government wants to achieve rather than how many facilities you build or how many vehicles you want to buy?
- Make results and their verification everyone's problem during implementation rather than signing the no objections
- Better understanding of country systems – Fiduciary and M&E and how we can help their incremental improvements.
- Offer more quality time in policy dialogue.

THE MAJORITY SEE THE OBSTACLES;  
THE FEW SEE THE OBJECTIVES;

HISTORY RECORDS THE SUCCESSES OF THE  
LATTER, WHILE OBLIVION IS THE REWARD  
OF THE FORMER

— ALFRED ARMAND MONTAPERT  
*AUTHOR*

